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PERSONNEL POLICY MANUAL

d.) Maternity Leave

Female permanent and regular employees in the government service who have rendered an aggregate of 2 or more years of service shall be entitled to maternity leave of 60 calendar days with full pay. Those who have earned 1 year or more but less than 2 years of service shall be entitled to 60 days maternity leave with payment in proportion to their length of service, while those who have served for less than 1 year shall be entitled to 60 days maternity leave with half pay.

When a female employee wants to report back to duty before the expiration of her maternity leave, she may be allowed to do so provided that she presents a medical certificate that she is physically fit to assume the duties of her position.

Members of the faculty can avail of the maternity benefits even if the period of delivery occurs during the long vacation, in which case, both the maternity benefits and the proportional vacation pay shall be received by the teacher concerned. (Section 14 of CSC MC No.14, s. 1999)

The commuted money value of the unexpired portion of the leave need not be refunded and that when the employee returns to work before the expiration of her maternity leave, she may receive both benefits granted under the maternity leave law and the salary for actual services rendered effective the day she reports for work. (CSC Resolution No. 02-1420 dated October 22, 2002)

e.) Paternity Leave

Married male employees are granted 7 days paternity leave provided that his legitimate spouse has delivered a child or suffered miscarriage, for purposes of enabling him to take care of and support his wife and new-born child before, during and after childbirth.

f.) Parental Leave

A solo-parent employee left alone with the responsibility of parenthood may avail of this leave granted by *the Implementing Rules and Regulations of RA 8972* or the *Solo Parents Welfare Act of 2000*.